## Duration of Unemployment - Trees

## November 1, 2024

```
> library(catdata)
> data(unemployment,package="catdata")
   To fit a tree for the unemployment data we use "ctree" from the library
"party".
> library(party)
> tree1<-ctree(as.factor(durbin)~age,data=unemployment)
> plot(tree1)
   The fitted regression function can be obtained by computing the respective
means within the identified regions and plot them as function of age.
> unemployment$durbin[unemployment$durbin==2]<-0
> year <- unemployment $ age
> year [unemployment$age<29.5] <- 1</pre>
> year [unemployment$age>29.5 & unemployment$age<52.5] <- 2
> year [unemployment$age>52.5] <- 3</pre>
> pre3 <- mean(unemployment$durbin[year==3])</pre>
> pre2 <- mean(unemployment$durbin[year==2])</pre>
> pre1 <- mean(unemployment$durbin[year==1])</pre>
> meanyear <- c()</pre>
> for (i in min(unemployment$age):max(unemployment$age)){
+ meanyear[i] <- sum(unemployment$durbin[unemployment$age==i])</pre>
+ if (sum (unemployment$durbin[unemployment$age==i])!=0) {
+ meanyear[i] <- mean(unemployment$durbin[unemployment$age==i])</pre>
+ }
+ }
> unemployment$means<- rep(2, nrow(unemployment))</pre>
> for (k in 1:nrow(unemployment)){
  unemployment$means[k] <- meanyear[unemployment$age[k]]</pre>
    plot(unemployment$age, unemployment$means, xlab="age",ylab="",cex.axis=1.5,
         cex.lab=1.5)
> segments(x0=min(unemployment$age),x1=29.5,y0=pre1)
> segments(x0=29.5,x1=29.5,y0=pre1,y1=pre2)
> segments (x0=29.5, x1=52.5, y0=pre2)
> segments (x0=52.5, x1=52.5, y0=pre2, y1=pre3)
```

> segments(x0=52.5,x1=max(unemployment\$age),y0=pre3)